# Anemia: Achieving agreement and avoiding angst in BC

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### **Objectives**

- Challenges of implementing 2006
   KDOQI guidelines across BC
- Provincial Update
  - Achieving the targets
  - Different solutions in different settings
- Processes in BC



# Challenges of implementing guidelines

- Which statement to focus efforts on:
  - Evidence based guidelines
  - Practice recommendations
- Measurement vs treatment goals
- Multiple locations and people involved
  - In centre facilities, community facilities
  - Home based therapies
  - Responsibilities shared: MD, nurse, pharmacists
  - Resources different in different HA
- Understanding the common goal and benefit of following guidelines



#### **Process in BC**

- Report on Key indicators to each HA and Exec as measure of Quality
  - Use of PROMIS (provincial database) as
    - Tracking and feedback
    - Potential for incorporating into protocols
- MD Consensus Meeting annually
  - Data review and discussion
- Pharmacy and Formulary review regularly
- Renal pharmacists group
  - Review data/ recommendations made
  - Different protocols attempted and evaluated
- Note: Provincial contracts negotiated based on need for physician/ patient choice and balance of best value



#### **Key Indicators and Clinical Care**

- What are the key indicators we use?
  - Those that are clinically meaningful and correlate with outcome
- Why do we measure them?
  - To identify opportunities for improved clinical outcomes
  - To identify opportunities for improved cost efficiencies
    - improved outcomes for same cost
    - reinvestment in new initiatives
  - For service planning



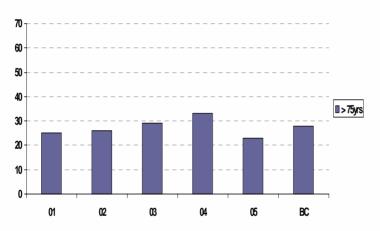
# Provincial Outcomes and Key indicators

- Key indicators include:
  - In Dialysis populations
    - Anemia: Hgb, drugs used
    - Mineral Metabolism : C, P, PTH, drugs used
    - Adequacy of dialysis
    - Vascular access types
    - Survival
  - In CKD populations :
    - Prevalence of rapid rates of progression/ RRT take on
    - Numbers registered
    - GFR at time of registration
    - Anemia management
    - Use of CVD medications
    - Survival

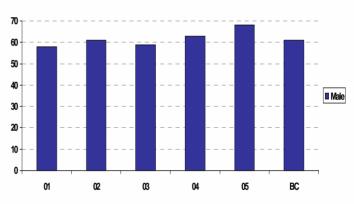


#### Similar demographics of dialysis patients in all HA

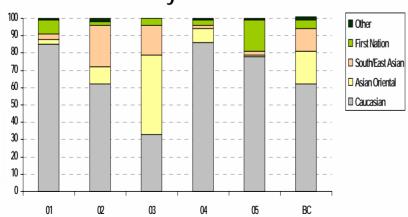
% Patients > 75 yrs



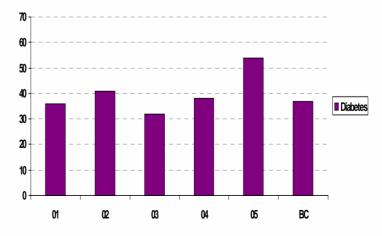
% Male Patients



% Patients by Race



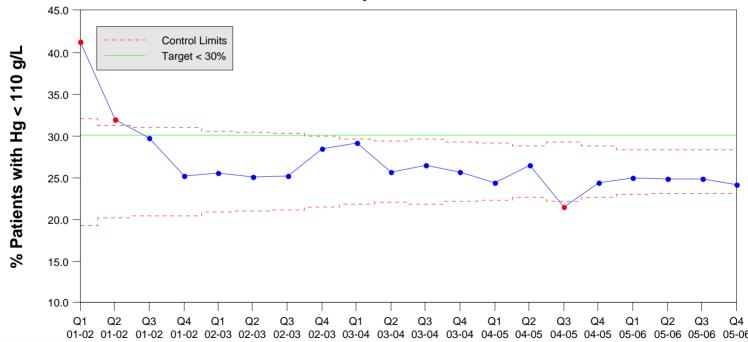
% Diabetic Patients





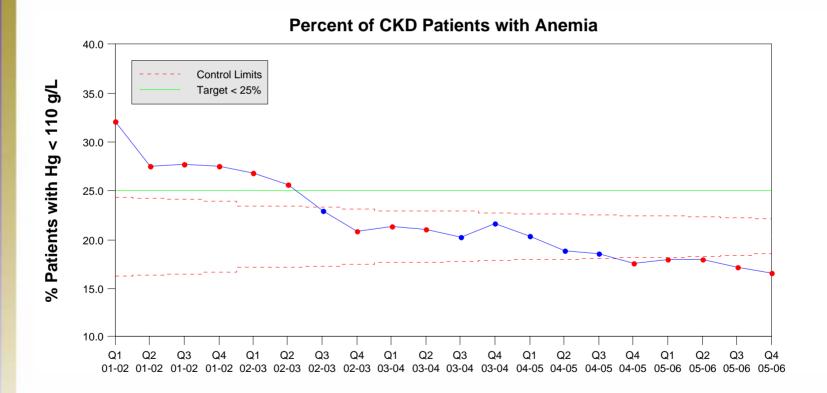
# Low percent of anemic dialysis patients over time







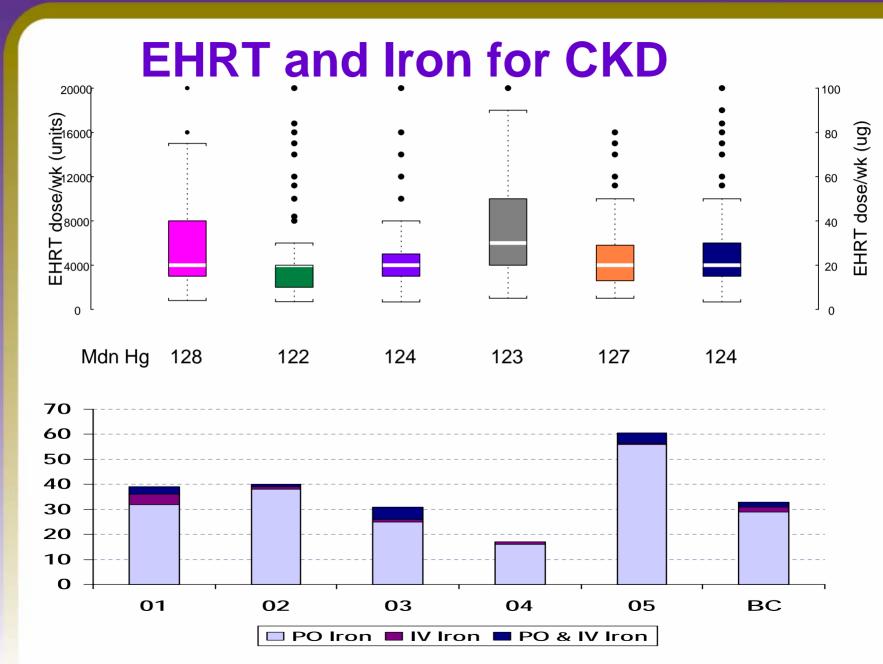
# Low percent of anemic CKD patients over time





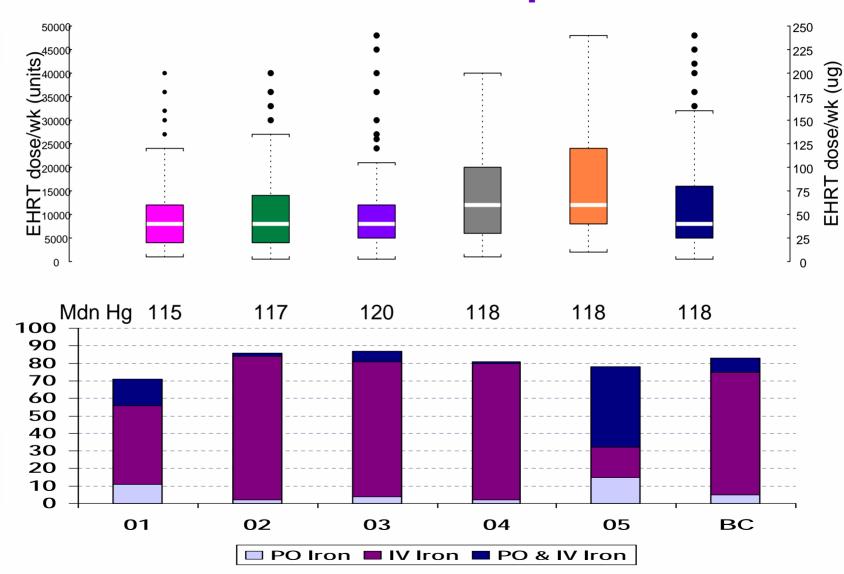
### Medication use x Health Authority



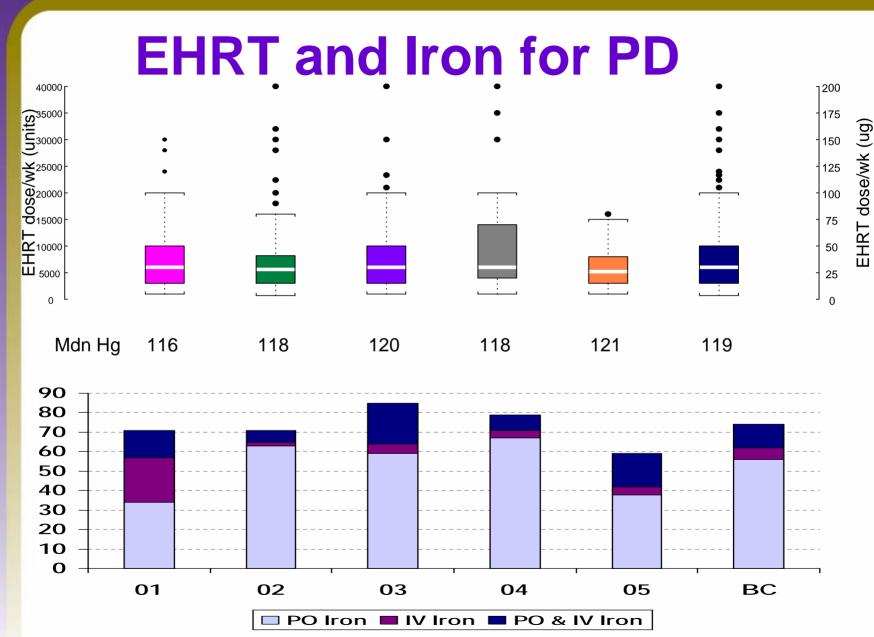




#### **EHRT and Iron for HD patients**





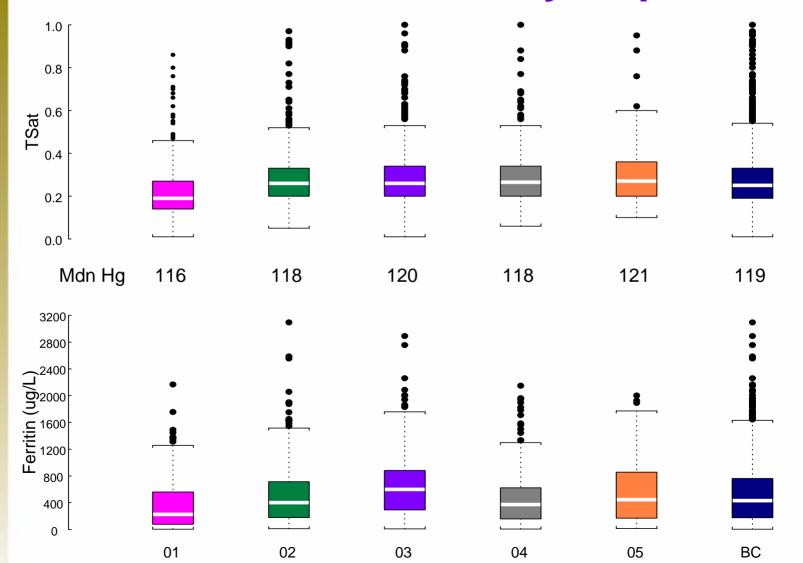




# Lab values x Health Authority

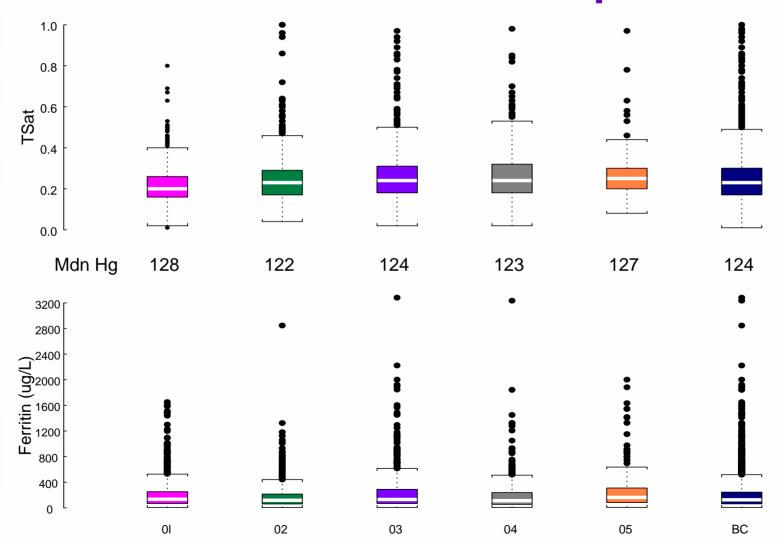


#### TSat and Ferritin for dialysis patients



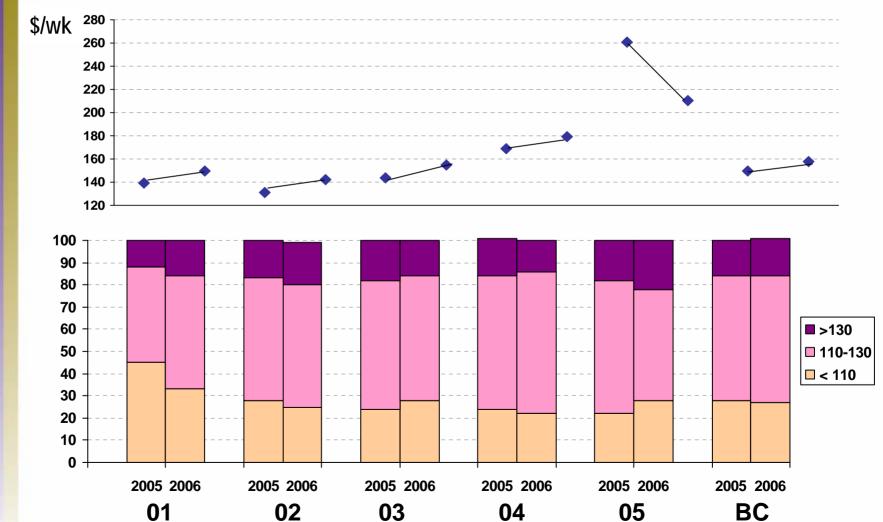


#### **TSat and Ferritin for CKD patients**



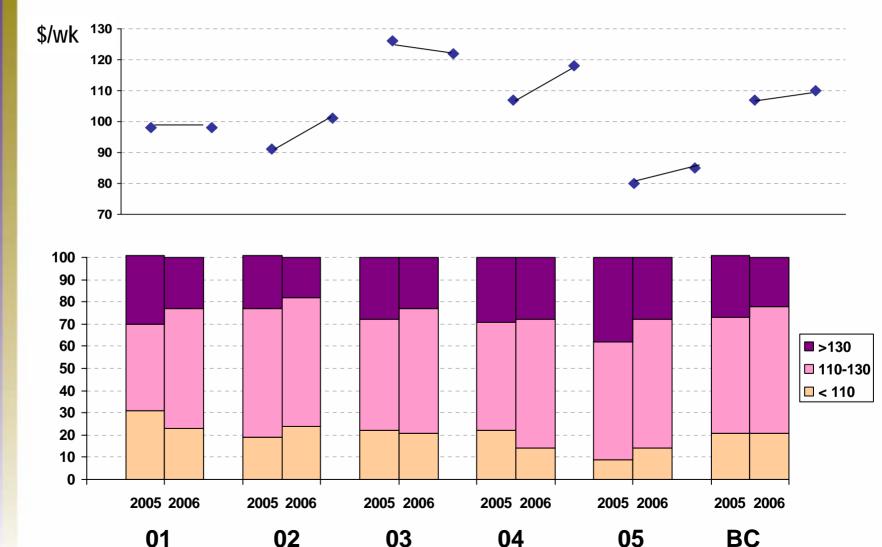


## HD Patients more consistently within target Hgb; variation in costs persists





### PD patients more consistently within target Hgb; noticeable variation in costs





### **Summary**

- Achievement of anemia goals
- Variation in practice and costs exist
- Collaborative efforts to provide effective care within budget constraints continue

